Conducting a Voter Registration Drive in Illinois

Voter Registration Deadlines

- Applications must be received or postmarked by the 28th day before Election Day.
- Illinois also has grace period registration beginning 27 days prior to Election Day at the local election authority's office, and other designated locations, and Election Day registration at precincts.

Getting Started

Anyone can distribute and collect mail voter registration applications without first being deputized by the state. Completed applications must be mailed or delivered to the local election authority, and an applicant is considered registered as soon as they receive a voter ID card in the mail. Therefore, the drive should be planned far enough in advance that the forms can be mailed and received by the deadline.

Becoming a deputy registrar: Deputy registrars must be trained, take an oath, and be provided the voter registration materials by their own election authority. Deputy registrars may register anyone living in Illinois; but designated employees of Healthcare and Family Services and Employment Security are restricted to registering those who are residents of the county in which they are located.

To become a deputy registrar, a person must be:
- at least 17 years old,
- a U.S. citizen,
- a resident of Illinois, and
- registered to vote in the county in which they are appointed or, if appointed by a board of election commissioners, registered to vote within that election jurisdiction.

Civic organizations looking to have members deputized as registrars should fill out this form.

Training: Only deputy registrars must be trained by the election authority.

Compensation Restrictions: Do not pay registration drive participants based on how many registrations they collect.

Obtaining Applications

State Form: The state mail (NVRA) voter registration application can be downloaded from the Illinois State Board of Elections website.

Federal Form: Volunteers may use the federal mail-in registration application.

Deputy registrars: Deputy registrars obtain their materials from election officials.

Photocopying Blank Forms: Blank applications may be photocopied and used in voter registration drives.

Labor and citizen organizations are limited to a "reasonable number" of deputy registrars. Voter registration drives should check their county website for specific qualifications. You can also contact the state election board for more information.
Volunteers Not Authorized as Deputy Registrars:
Volunteers may distribute and collect voter registration application forms; however, the election authority must receive these forms by the registration deadline.

Deputy Registrars: Registrars will accept completed registration forms and return them to their appointing election authority. If the person registering is from another jurisdiction, the election authority will forward it to the correct jurisdiction.

Assisting Applicants and Completing Forms: Deputy registrars may assist applicants in filling out the registration form and must witness the applicant personally sign the form. Registrants must show deputy registrars two forms of ID.

Incomplete Applications: Do not fill in any missing information on a voter registration application unless you have permission from the applicant.

Photocopying Completed Applications: There is no law or rule prohibiting photocopying or retaining information from completed registration applications. As a best practice, a voter’s full or partial Social Security Number and/or driver’s license number should not be retained.

Submitting Applications: Deputy registrars must deliver completed registration forms to the appointing election authority by first-class mail within 2 business days of completion or in person within 7 days of completion. However, forms completed 29-35 days prior to the election must be returned within 48 hours, and forms completed on the 28th day prior to the election must be returned within 24 hours.

Check local requirements regarding return of unused materials.

Fair Elections Center and Campus Vote Project intend the information contained herein to be used only as a general guide. This document should not be used as a substitute for consultation with a licensed Illinois legal professional.

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